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by Dr. Rolf Geisler 50 cents from your dealer or direct from TFH.

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Another in a series of trupical fish books designed to help both the novice and the advanced hobbyist is Dr. Rolf Geisler's Aquarium Water Chemitry. This thirty-two page book has eight information-packed chapters, and is profusely illustrated throughout. All hobbyists will find it information the book contains. Leading topics include Physical and Chemical Properties of Water and the Methods of Messurement; The Native Waters of Fishes, What Water do Aquarium Fishes Need?; How to Create Special Messurement; The Native Waters of Fishes, What Water do Aquarium Fishes Need?; How to Create Special how to soften hard water, how to larden soft water, how to cause the how to soften hard water, how to harden soft water, how to neutralize or actifity aliantine water, how to make said water neutral or alkaline, and how to make black water.

Of special interest to the novice fish keeper is the section on how to roperly test for water characteristics. Products are also discussed, detailing the functions of each.

Of definite interest to the developed scientific formula for making a singulary successful synthetic occan water. Salt-water effects on aquarium are also discussed. Beguptnern needed to successfully keep a salt-water equarium is described.

A total of twenty-one illustration picture either fishes, secontanical by a description of their water requirements, or aquarium chemistry products, with an explanation of their water. Salt-water are also sphotographs thowing the natural habitat of tropical fishes.

TROPICAL FISH

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	ness hieden them in to way at all, for more about hilles cave character, including a number of color photos, turn to the office beginning on page 79. Photo by Dr. Herbert R. Austral.

EDITORIALLY ...

Just got told a story which some of you may find intriguing: a dealer in New York City has recently run into an unprecea dearer in New York City has recently run into an unprecedented wave of prosperity, mostly on one species of fish, the betta, or Siamese fighting fish. On Saturdays, when his betta shipments come in, about 90% of his customers are people looking for them. No females; they just want males of any color. Finally he found out: these customers were mostly immigrants from Latin-American countries, where a favorite sport is cost finiting countries, where a favorite sport is cock-fighting, something they had to forgo when they came to this country, because here it is fobidden by law. Then one of them got the idea that you could get a pretty good battle out of two male bettas. There is, of course, a high mortality rate among the betta losers; so every Saturday there is a heavy demand for more fish. They don't even have to be pretty, just sturdy, aggressive and fast-moving. Long fins are considered a detriment rather than an asset, and a healthy, strong fish with a pugnacious nature has it all over one with nice color. Can this form of cruelty be stopped? It seems you just can't discourage a "fish-fight" any more than you can stop a private poker game between friends, and you can't have the dealers question their customers as to how they plan to use the fish they buy and jeopardize their sales. Of course, you can't ban the sale of bettas altogether. The betta is one of our lovellest and most popular aquarium fishes. Just be-cause a few people are abusing them, should we be deprived of the pleasure of having them?

William Vorderumkhu

Tropical Fish Hobbyist



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AGUARIUM PHARMACEUTICALS

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February, 1966



This is a male red-finned blue tepsail platy. In such mature males, the red of the dorsal fin often spreads down over the back and part of the sides. Fhoto by Or. Jaanse Norton.

Red-Finned Blue Topsail Platy

BY DR. JOANNE NORTON

The reason for developing a red-finned blue topsail platy was to have a blue platy that would have good color when two or three months old, in contrast to blue variatus platies which take six months of longer to develop

A virgin female gold topsail platy was mated with a blue me dorsal and tail. Among the F_1 from this pair were some of the red-finned blue topsail platies that I wanted. As expected, all of the F_1 were blue, since blue is dominant to gold. Those that were topsails had inherited the dominant

hi-fin gene from the female parent.

The six best F₁ topsail females were put with the three best F₁ topsail

males. These produced the next generation of red-finned blue topsails. There were also some golds in the F_2 —since each of their parents carried the recessive gene for gold. More blues than golds are produced by fish of this strain. The gold plary is also attractive with its gold body color and red dorsal.

Blue and red colors appear in young red-finned blue topsails when they are about one month old. At two months, they are fully colored except for the red tail color that develops in many individuals at about three to four months. In a small number of these fish, the red dorsal color graduallyspreads over the entire fish, resulting in a red platy. When Myron Gordon studied fish having the red dorsal gene, he found that swordtails carried dominant modifiers that caused the red dorsal color to spread over part or all of the body of the fish. I think that these modifiers were originally introduced into topsail platies when Hearin's blue variatus topsails from a platy-swordtail cross. Hearin's blue variatus topsails, which were used in the development of my gold topsail strain, could have carried one or more dominant red dorsal modifiers. Of course the blue variatus did not have red dorsal

A red-finned blue topsall platy female showing the typical "cul-crescent" pattern at the base of the tail fin. Photo by Dr. Joanne Norton.





In addition to the red-finned blues produced in the F, generation, some red-finned gold

because they did not have the dominant gene that causes red dorsal. The presence of the dominant red dorsal modifiers would then not be detected until they turn up in a fish that also has the red dorsal gene.

Many of the red-finned blues have two black spots near the tail, this bein the "cut-crescent" pattern that Gordon found is due to a dominant gent Both the male and the female in the photographs have this cut-crescent. There are, then, four main color types produced by this strain. Most of the individuals are blue with the cut-crescent pattern. There are also some each of blue without cut-crescent, gold with cut-crescent, and gold without cut-crescent.

There are two desirable features about red-finned blue topsail platie First, their blue and red colors develop while they are young and still smal Second, the females as well as the males are colorful, whereas female blu variatus platies are grey like a female guppy.

Red-finned blue topsails are certainly not meant to replace the beautiff blue variatus topsail platies. Their main advantage is that they can be raise in much less tank space and in about half the time that would be required raise blue variatus topsails, which take much longer to become colorful.

February, 1966

My Trip to the Red Sea

EY Dr. WOLFGANG KLAUSEWITZ FRANKFURT, GERMANY

The Meteor is a new German research vessel which was just finished in time for the great international Indian Ocean Expedition, of which I was a member. Technically the vessel is a "masterpiece" but it is constructed for the open sea. Thus a specialist, like myself, who is interested in the shore region and especially the tropical reefs cannot do much work from such a base. I discussed this problem with four other biologists in the expedition and we decided that we should be taken to a special place for our studies. None of us intended to work aboard like the other 25 scientists (oceanographers, meteorologists and geologists), so we decided to live in a camp on a small coral edged island. Thus for us the research vessel became nothing more than a passenger steamer.

Among the five of us there were two ichthyologists (one of them was the author), one specialist on invertebrates, one botanist, and one paleontologist. The island we decided upon is called Sarso. It is part of the Farasan Archi-

The German research vessel Meteor, which took the scientific group to its destination. Photo



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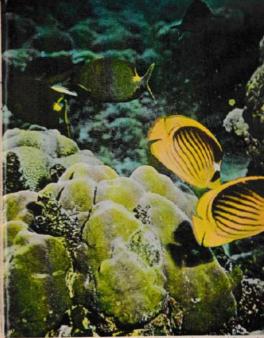
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A typical underwater scene from the area in which the research team worked. The two fish

pelago and is situated in the southeastern part of the Red Sea, not too far from the warlike border of the Yemen. Politically it belongs to Saudi-Arabia. Why did we choose these obscure islands and why the Red Sea? Are the

why that we choose these obscure islands and why the receiver the free reefs of the nearby Indian Ocean not of greater interest? These were the questions of our friends.

We chose the island of Sarso for good reasons: Three of us (including the

We chose the island of Sarso for good reasons: Three of us (including the author) had visited this place in 1957, during the Xarifa expedition. We knew

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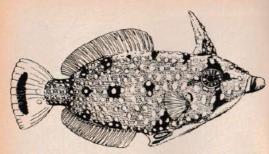
the special situations (i.e. the reefs, the place for our camp, etc.). And it is much essier to work in a place where you know the conditions, especially when the amount of time you can stay is limited. On the other hand staying in this place among these lost islands demanded much preparation, good food for eight people, more than a ion of water, medicine for all possible emergencies, technical and scientific material, etc. All these things were necessary, as we knew that there are no water sources, no people living there, and no facilities of any kind. A life like that of Robinson Crusoe (a modern one as we had our own facilities with us).

But why did we decide on a Red Sea island and not one of the islands of the Indian Ocean like the lovely Seychelles or Maldives? For this there was a special ichthyological reason.

In former times, everyone thought of the Red Sea simply as an appendix of the Indian Ocean, unimportant from a scientific standpoint. When FOWLER published, in 1956, the first volume of his book "The Fishes of the Red Sea and Southern Arabia" he believed the ichthyofauna of the Indopacific and the Red Sea to be more or less identical. Therefore he studied the literature but did not compare any material: It was his opinion that his great collection of fishes from the Philippines (about 10,000 kilometers, or 6,000 miles, away from the Red Sea!) was sufficient for a description of the Red Sea fishes. Meanwhile ichthyologists found out that this opinion is absolutely wrong. At least 10–20% of the species are so-called endemic forms of the Red Sea, which means they are found only in these waters. This is a high percentage, which indicates that the Red Sea is an evolutionary center in which many new species or subspecies are created. For this reason the Red Sea is of much more interest to ichthyology than the Indian Ocean with its well known fish fauna.

Of course, many of the species in the two oceans are closely related. In some cases the differences are only at the subspecific level: I found out that Chaetedon auriga of the Red Sea and C. tetifer of the Indian Ocean are only subspecies. Similar cases are the putiers Arothron hispidus (Indian Ocean) and A. temistriatus (Red Sea), as well as the triggerfishes Suffiamen albicoudatus (Red Sea) and S. chrysoptera (Indian Ocean). The relationship is also easily recognizable between the well known Picasso triggerfish, Rhinecantus aculeanus, and the Red Sea Picasso, R. assaul. In other cases it is difficult to decide from which Indopactific ancestor a Red Sea species may have been derived. Such a form is the beautiful surgeon fish Acanthurus tohal, which is abundant in the Red Sea but does not live in the Indian Ocean and may descend from A. lineatus. The same is true of the wonderfully colored Red Sea butterfly fishes Chaetedon semilarvatus and C. lareatus and the "yellow wedge," Anuetta asfur, a jewel of an angellish. (It is not understandable that all these beautiful species from the Red Sea were never imported and kept in an aquarium.)





The Red Sea file fish Oxymenocantiles halli (above) derives from the closely related species O. langirostris (below) from the Indian Ocean, Drowings by Dr. W. Klausewitt.



And in many cases the differences between the species are not yet clear and must be studied further.

It is strange that there are such great differences between the ichthyofauna of these two oceans, which are joined through the Gulf of Aden. But the Red Sea is imbedded in a very hot and dry, desertlike region, has almost no rivers flowing into it and gets very little rain. As a result, the average tem-perature and salinity of the Red Sea water is distinctly higher than that of

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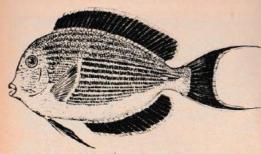
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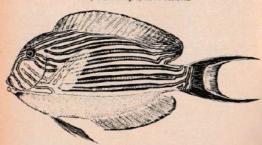
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the Indian Ocean. Besides this, the connection between both seas, the so-called Bab-cl-Mandeb or Street of Tears, is a rather narrow and shallow canal which does not allow much intermingling between the fishes of both waters. These ecological factors may be the reasons for the previously mentioned differences and the fact that—at least for the fishes—the Red Sea

is virtually an isolated body of water.

Anyway, it was for all these reasons that we decided to have our camp on

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an island in the Red Sea, and therefore to have the Meteor take us on a dangerous trip through approximately 15 miles of corals and shallow water to the island Sarso, where for several weeks we would study the fishes of the different coastal zones and the reefs, and make a great collection and investigations of functional anatomy.





don selfer from the Indian Ocean (left) and A auriga (right) from the Red Sea are subspecifically connected. Drawings by Dr. W. Clausowitz.





When our research vessel, Meteor, sailed through the rather dangerous girdle of corals, we encountered some small boats manned by Arabian fishermen. At first they showed a hostile attitude. But, as we found out later, it was not directed against European people. They told us that they had thought and feared that the great white ship belonged to Egypt. Since the Egyptians are at war with Saudi-Arabia (through the Yemen), the fishermen had readied their long knives to kill us. But when our interpreter (he is a specialist in Arabian dialects, as well as great diver and a very good underwater photographer) told them that we had nothing to do with Egypt they changed their minds instantly, and within a few days they became our good friends and helpers. As an ichthyologist, I gained particularly from this friendship, for they helped me collect fishes. They brought especially fine



oring in front of the scientists' camp bring freshly collections. Photo by Dr. W. Klausewitz.

specimens from deeper water and the open sea where I could not collect. Thus we brought home very fine material from the different zones and areas of the coast, the coral reefs, and the open water.

Hopefully the wonderful coral fishes of the Red Sea which are very different from those of the Indopacific will soon be available to hobbyists. Many of the "endemic" species are also living in the Gulf of Eliat (Aqaba), which is situated in the northeastern part of the Red Sea. Perhaps it will be possible to export these remarkable species to Europe and the United States. Then hobbyists could also see the evolutionary changes when they compare the change of the Perhaps is will prove the product of the Compare the Change of the noodynst count and a control of the Red Sea with those from the Indian Ocean. There is no change in behavior but there are great differences in coloration. Many of the Red Sea fishes are colored much more brilliantly than their ancestors from the Indopacific.

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An interesting African species . . .

Ctenopoma fasciolatum (Boulenger)

BY RUDOLF ZUKAL BRNO, CZECHOSLOVAKIA Black and white photos by the Author

In spite of its majestic beauty, this fish is avoided by many aquarists, pos-sibly because of its reputed quarrelsome nature (which I could not observe with my specimens). The fish was first brought into Europe from its native waters in the Congo region near Leopoldville, where it was found in densely overgrown waters. It was originally described as Anabai fasciolatum. Not until well after its first importations, in 1952, were there any spawnings reported.

reported.

The Genopoma species are African fishes which are classified with the climbing perches in the Anabantidae, Genopoma fasciolatum has a compressed





to breed, the male chaoses a spot to his liking and begins to build a bubblene

to high build and is capable of very flexible motion. The dorsal fin is long than the anal fin. Its head and rump are markedly scaled. The mouth openi is quite large. The labyrinth organ is not very well developed. The m attains a length of slightly over 3 inches, and the female is a little small. The colors are somewhat like those of Macropodus opercularis; on a grayis yellow background there are 8 to 10 dark bands, which extend into the fit A gleaming blue spot is present on the gill-cover. The male has longer dors anal, and ventral fins. The female's overall coloring is lighter than the male

In 1957 Hans Frey wrote that these fish had not been bred, but since it time it has been found that they spawn very much like paradise fish. Ho ever, a temperature of 80 to 82°F, is required. They can be kept at 74 to 76′ when not spawning. The species is hardy but has the reputation of being t very peaceful. Because they are definitely predatory, they require good fee ings of living foods, including small fish.

I had a male and three females and kept them in a 20-gallon tank with Colisa laha, Colisa chuna, and Trichogaster Ieeri. Never did I witness attack on their tankmates. Instead they appeared to be timid and hid in the plants. During feeding the other fishes approached my hand, but never the Ctonopoma fasciolatum. They were not yet fully grown when I noticed the one of the females had filled up and seemed ready for spawning. A tank

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Ollie the Octopus A FINNY FANTASY

BY DIANE SCHOFIELD

Ollie was never meant to be an Octopus. From the day that he was hatched he could never do the things that were expected of Octopuses. It wasn't that Ollie didn't try. The other Octopuses took a great deal of delight in occasionally letting loose great clouds of black ink, but every time that Ollie tried this he would choke and sputter and his little squirmy body got all black and blue from bumping into things, because, as any fool knows, you can't see a darned thing when you're swimming in a bunch of ink.

Another thing—Ollie couldn't ever seem to remember to loosen the suction cups on his tentacles once he had fastened them ento an object. He was always swimming away, only to be snapped back like a big black rubber had.

The thing that really bothered him the most was food. You could always evoid shooting ink, and being snapped like a rubber band didn't really hurt so much, but dog-gone it, you had to eat! The horrible little creatures that the other Octopuses flipped over turned Ollie's stomach and he marveled





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at how his relatives could catch crabs, deftly cracking the shells and eating the tender interior portions. Whenever Ollie screwed up his courage to try, the crabs would nip Ollie a good one on his tender under-sides. He soon had to give up and content himself with nibbling on a dead fish or shrimp. Of course, with such eating habits, Ollie never grew as large as the other Octocourse, with store eating another, other hever gives as ingreg as the other Octo-pouses, and they made his life miserable. They were always dancing around Ollie jeering, "Ya, ya, Ollie is a sissy! Ollie is a sissy!" Unfortunately for the other Octopuses, Ollie was not only a square, he was an octagon. Whenever they tired of such sport they would hide menacingly in a rocky crevice, scaring the wits out of any skin diver that happened by. Ollie once bumped into a diver when he was tiptoeing along the ocean bottom. Oilie was delighted and reached out toward the diver with a big smile. However, since an octopus sits on his mouth, the diver couldn't see Oilie's welcome and Oilie was blinded by a stream of bubbles as the diver beat a hasty retreat. With all

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these things, Ollic became neurotic and began to bite his nails and, as everybody knows, when you have eight arms to work on, this alone can become a full-time job.

Poor Ollic couldn't even get any peace at home. Papa was forever sitting Poor Ollic couldn't even get any peace at home. Papa was forever sitting around holding his head in all his hands and moaning, "What did I ever do to deserve a kid like you? Jake next door was bragging how his boy took first prize in Plain and Fancy Indoor and Outdoor Ink Shooting, but what could I say? What did you ever do that I could brag about?" Mama would sometimes take Ollic's part and interrupt Papa with, "But he's only a boy, Papa, he'll learn to do those things soon enough!" Ollie knew, though, deep down in his little Octopus heart, that he never would and he walked silently out of

One day while Ollic was curled up with his arms wrapped around himself for comfort, a black object with arms drifted by him. Ollic winced and closed his eyes, waiting for the inevitable, "Ya, ya, Ollie is a sissy!" to start. When it didn't, Ollic tentatively opened one eye and peered at the object. It was resting against a rock near him with its "arms" waving in the current. Ollie was shocked to see that the poor thing only had five. This filled Ollic with sympathy, because he knew how it was to be handicapped, even though in a different way. Ollie tried to strike up a conversation and although the object didn't suspen. Ollie furned that the poor thing was too shy. What Ollie didn't answer, Ollie figured that the poor thing was too shy. What Ollie

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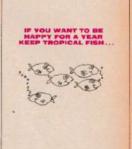
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didn't know was that the object was a black rubber glove that a passing boat

From that day on Ollic had a friend. He brought it part of his dead fish and carried on long conversations with it. His new friend never taunted him for not being able to cat crabs or squirt ink, so they lived happily ever after. MORAL: If ignorance be bliss, 'tis Ollic who is wise.

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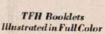












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Back lighting shows the transparency of this freshwater shrimp (Leander medestus). Pho

movement is accomplished by ventrally doubling up the tail fan and the posterior end of the abdomen.

The freshwater shrimp is as valuable a scavenger in an aquarium as it is in its native environment. It does well in a tank of any size, provided that there is plenty of vegetation. It can be kept with most of the smaller species of tropicals. I have about 20 of the shrimp in a 50-gallon aquarium with eight medium angels, but this aquarium has a dense stand of watersprite which offers protection for the shrimp.

The grass shrimp is a tireless worker; at feeding time it will dig into the gravel for particles of food that have become lodged there. Thus, the feeding of your shrimp is no problem. It will thrive on leftovers of most of the dry foods that are available to fish hobbyists. I have found that they like pelleted or coarse grades of foods best.

Grass shrimp are found in varied environments, including most types of running water, shallow parts of lakes, ponds, swamps, and brackish water. One species has even been reported from subterranean waters near San Marcos, Texas.

The freshwater shrimp is equipped with chelas, or claws, on the second pair of legs, differing from the crayfish's clawed first pair of legs. This claw is used for offense and defense in the crayfish and undoubtedly serves the same purpose in shrimp. The grass shrimp's claws are smaller and less powerful than the crayfish's. The grass shrimp is not, like his bigger cousin, a fin-nipper and can be kept with fancy guppies without fear. Yet, if you keep a freshwater shrimp, you will seldom find a dead fish in your aquarium. When one of your finny pets comes to its unavoidable end, it will be consumed by the shrimp shwater shrimp can best be collected in the early spring, when they

56



February, 1966

BIII Sternke says ...

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are at their maximum size. A small dip net with a long handle is the best collecting device to use. The shrimp can be found in almost any aquatic vegetation. In some areas several sweeps with a net may be needed to collect

vegetation. In some areas several sweeps with a net may be needed to collect
a few, whereas in other areas many can be collected with just one dip.
There does not seem to be a great deal of information available on the
breeding habits of this crustacean. During the spring, when the adult shrimp
are most abundant, females can be collected with eggs attached to the underside of the abdomen. The eggs develop in about 18 days, so females with
eggs attached are not normally collected after July or August.

Even though these shrimp occur in most bodies of fresh water, they are
of little economic value. Some bait companies preserve them for resale. And
most experienced fishermen know these shrimp as an important and irresistible bait for our native sunfishes of the genus Leponis. There is little doubt
that grass shrimp make up a part of our native fishes' diets.
Freshwater grass shrimp can and will help in keeping your aquarium clean,

that grass shrimp make up a part of our native issues dues.

Freshwater grass shrimp can and will help in keeping your aquarium clean, but a word of caution, acclimate them to the temperature of your aquarium sloudy. An abrupt 5° change will cause the shrimp to go into shock and could result in their deaths. Use the method of gradual change in water temperature as you would with new fish.

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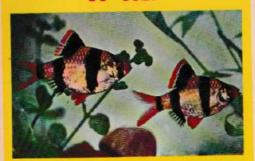
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MAIL CALL

How to get a HiPower Filter
Q. As I'm a fish hobbyst, I was very
impressed with your article in the
November issue of Treptical Fish
Hebbyst concerning the new Miracle
HiPower Undergravel Filter. Since
reading the article, I've been inquiring
at all fish and petshops around here, but
no one here has it listed in their
cataloguet. Would it be possible for you
to mail me the game of the manufacturer
so that I may find out from them who
my nearest dealer is?

G. R. Augustine, Green Bay, Wis.
A. The ratpoint has home onerwhelming,
and you might have to woit a little while
before your dealer can supply you. The
manufacturer it: Miracle Plantic Corp.,
P.O. 80x 9128, Long Beach, Calif. Have
youn dealer with the order.

Negative reaction to HiPower Filter

Negative reaction to HiPower Filter Q. I am pretty sure, right from the beginning, that you will not like all will say in this letter and might even tak a dislike to me, but it was your invita-tion, issued at the end of Dr. Axelmal'

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Tropical Fish Hobbyist

article in TFFT's November issue which has prompted me to write. As you've probably surmised by now, I am referring to the article on the new Miracle HiPower Undergravel Filter, an article which I read theroughly and enjoyed, even if I have breashly (I'm sure you'll say) "allowed" myself to disagree or doubt some things it say.

1. Its very title, in fact, I disagree with: "Never Need To Change Water Again." Indeed, tits, this is the chain made by ALL filter makers generally, and undergravel filters in particular, but later we hobbyists ("guine pigs" for all products' in relation to the hobby) find out otherwise, usually when it is too late!

2. Still I for one, haven't met with what you call "leaking outside filters." Their ugliness, though, as they get dirty, I have seen. Then, too, hanging said outside filters in the back of an aquarium hasn't occurred to me. I have always done it up front, or at the aquarium's sides.

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3. Calling it a "do-all filter" is indeed a far-fetched claim, I would say. For one thing, I am not interested (as I am sure fellow hobbyists aren't) in how it slopes, what dimensions it has, and how it can be assembled.

it can be assembled.

4. I certainly hope, on the other hand, it does have the air-output capacity you report!

5. I don't much care for the "looks" it gives an aquarium, only its performance.

6. I AM interested to see fit it doesn't suck in bables as others do. I am also interested in seeing if it breaks down dire into microscopic pieces (as you claim) which in turn fertilize (and make grow) aquarium plants, something other aquarium filters are said to do and I have found to do the opposite, sucking

in roots and clogging with gravel and food that has getten into the slits.

7. Perhaps the HiPower Undergravel Filter is not so high and mighty if it should or could be used in connection with a regular Miracle Undergravel Filter, in you own words.

I would be honored if you answered this letter in all fairness and explained, disagreed or agreed with these points, to help me and others.

Carlos F. Reichard, Agundilla, P.R. A. J. "You News Need To Change Water Aguin." This is what the article said and this is what is meant. Of course, you will find that you must replace water which evaperate, as yet usual have to do even if the tank were not filtered. Then too, you might want to change the

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pH er hardnen of your aquarium. This may necessitate removing town of the old matter and replacing with touter schick well give the derived retail. What you never need to do if you take reasonable core in Jeding, it to make a complete change or even a major change.

2. Most aquarium hobbytiss keep their outside filters in back, where they do not block part of the viceing strace and they do not intrude their selfmens on the viceing. Jield of vision. Mounting the filter in from: certainly don make it easier to get at, but it detraits greatly from the aquarium's beauty. A filter box can become cracked and loah, and you yourself admit that they do become firty 1. What we show we're tight. Also, your "fellow hobbytis" have shown get are and to he facts you feel they don't care about.

4. What wit entire that 60%, more filtering that the Miracel HiPomer under your filter has 60%, more filtering.



Aqua Top reduces evoporation and heigs maintain a constant water temperature. Made at transparent heat-resistant plustic. No rust or corrosion, ideal for marine tanks too.

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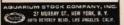
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more thoroughly. It exprans that a Miracle HiPower can be used in con-junction with a regular Miracle Under-gravel Filter in an equarium that has no

gravel.

Infortile eggs
Q. 1. My Jack Dempseys (Cichlatoma hocellatum, have spawned three times in the last 2 months. Unfortunately the eggs turn white. This I have been told means that the eggs have been unfer-tilized. Therefore is it possible that the

male or female is a possion that the nale or female is sterile?

2. During the spawning period of Peimatechrenit amtetens is it common for the female to go hollow-bellied. If

Derek Haig, Edinburgh, Scotland A. 1. Probably your male is sterile if none

surface than any flat filter of the tame size, giving it 60%, greater filtering ability with the same amount of air. 5. We feel that our filter combinet both

good looks for the aquarium and top per-formance. I thought the article made that

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6. The intohe pressure of this undergraved filter is spread over such a large area that body fishes would have no trouble at all womming against the tirty current creased as any single point.
7. You would not have brought up this point if you had read the article a little



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of the eggs hatch. There is also the pos-bility that you do not have a pair, a that there are two females. Sometim two females undergo a mock spacinin resulting in a tremendous number of ex-all of them, of course, infertile.

Pelmatochromis annectens females are naturally a bit hollowbellied to begin with. This does not show very strongly when the belly is rounded with eggs but after spanning, wow!



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A fishy Florence Nightingale
Q. One day we saw that a male brick
swordtail had a very bad case of "ich."
He was so sick that he was lying on the
bottom and would not get up. At feeding time, to our surprise, we sust the
female brick swordtail go up and take a
mouthful of foed and upit it our right in
front of him, and he gobbled it up. She
repeated the process several times. Is
this an oddity?

Ira Schwartz,

this an oddity?

Ira Schwartz,
Flushing, N.Y.

A. If this was a deliberate act on the part
of the female, it certainly is. Personally.
I would weer give a fish credit for as much
intelligence as such an act mould indicate.
I have beard of fish that are caring for
their fryblowing brokenbits of food amongst
the youngsters. Such an action is purely
matineties, and perhaps your female
was acting on a similar fustinet.

Aquarium background
Q. My aquarium is next to a window
and the window looks terrible through
the aquarium. Goald you suggest something to put on the back so the window
won't show through? I don't like plastic
scenery because it looks too artificial,
and I don't like crystal paints.

Jerry Mackinnon,
Miemi, Fla.

A. There are a number of thingt you
could put in back of your aquarium,
but of ceurse you have to put them on the
dry aide of the glats. You can get some
pieces of linelman which are made to
resemble measure tile, thich are cary
attractive. You sen also cement some
atoms tegether, and fit them behind your
tank. There are any number of thingt you
can do, limited only by your imagination
and artistic ability.

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PLANTABBS



Nonconformist angelfish
Q. Approximately 10 days ago my angelfish haid about 200 eggs on: a broad-leaved plant. The pair were very good parents and continued fanning and taking care of the eggs for 3 days. After this period the eggs turned white and the parents are them. Since then, the leaf the eggs were on died, and the parents have not started cleaning any new location. I have been feeding them generously with dried foods plus plenty of frozen brine shrimp. The temperature is 81° F., and the pH is 7.0–6.8. I have two undergraved filters, and the water is crystal clear.

1. Why did the eggs turn white after 3 days when most books say they will

- 1. why did the eggs their wine asset 3 days when most books say they will turn white in the first 24 hours?
 2. Why didn't the parents eat the white eggs right away as most books say they do?
 3. Why did the leaf die?
 4. Why aren't the parents starting a

new batch of eggs, again like most books say they will, in 8-14 days?

Donald W. Kent,

Lake Minchumina, Alaska
A. I. Potsibly your twater was near the
6.8 side. Eggs fool less queickly in weil water than in alkaline. It could also be that your eggs had a bit of life in them at first.

2. Here is a very popular misconception, that the parents east the eggs when they feed. What I think actually happens is that the parents: "month" the eggs one by one after they are laid. When they come to a bot one, it wastly busts, and the egg is not eaten but pushed out through the gills. A first mould have to be prestly hanger; to medion a specied egg.

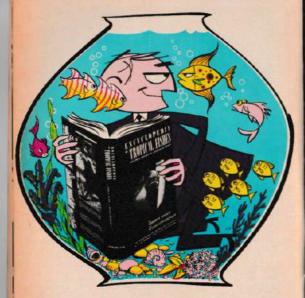
- pretty hungry to mailton a spoiled egg.

 3. The load might have been on its may out when the fish used fi. If so, it would have died in any case.

 4. Perhaps you are not feeding your fish teell enough. Try concentrating on tive foods while the fish are breeding.

GET ACQUAINTED

72



The ENCYCLOPEDIA OF TROPICAL FISHES by Axelrod and Vorderwinkler is the largest, most complete book on aquarium fishes ever published in any longuage. It has more than 760 pages with about 600 monochrome photographs and 300 color photographs. Every phase of the aquarium hobby is completely covered and there is special emphasis on how to breed aquarium fishes. Chapters on Commercial Breeding, Aquarium Plants, How to Feed your Fishes, Diseases, Snails and Scovengers, plus many others, covers points never before considered by other books. More ENCYCLOPEDIAS have been sold since its publication than any other book on tropical fishes. Due to the large printings its cost is amazingly low . . . anly 38.95 at your petshop or bookstore.

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February, 1966



Strange bugs
Q. I read your column in TROFICAL
FIRST ROBENTEY, however have never run
across a similar problem to the one
which has occurred in our guppy breeding tanh. A few days ago, I noticed
something hopping on the surface plants
and on the edge of the glass. After
further investigation, I found it to be a
bug of sorts, and there were a number of
them. Not knowing what they were or
how to rid the tank of them, I asked the
dealer. After I described them, he
frankly stated that he didn't know anything regarding this sort of thing. He
suggested removing all the plants which
reached to the surface, and perhaps they
would drown are be eaten by the fish
without the plants to rest on. A breeding
tank requires some plants, and it didn't
solve the problem. Netting the fish into
nonther tank also transfers the bug into

the new tank. They are smaller than the head of a straight pin, almost transparent in color, and hop like fleas.

1. Could you tell us what it is?

2. What causes them?

3. How would you get rid of them?

4. How would you get rent them?

5. What does the diet of a red-eyed puffer consist of?

Patricia Ayotte,

- Patricia Ayotte,
 Southgate, Calif.

 A. I. Looking over my literature on insects, I found a bug that may be close to
 your description, with the name Aphonura
 armata or Iomocerus piumbeus.
- 2. You must have acquired them with plants or live food. These little creatures

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After room then 30 years of breeding exhibition generic 30. Harring new introduces bit members between the second of the second

are harmless. European hobbysise raise them as food for small terrurism animals. 9. Whenever you tee them in your tank, teoop them out with a fine net, which must be rived out well after every use. 4. There is no rafe way of preventing

5. Puffers require live foods: tubiflex tooms, mosquite lavoa, earthworms, small mustels, and mails, etc. The puffers particularly love to crack the shell of a small, which they do early with their

attach stay are easily team their sharp teath.

Thin film on surface
Q. 1. I quite recently purchased a trio of red welltail guppies. I prepared a logalion tank for them. Planting was with spiral vallisneris and a swordplant. I used an inside filter and a provided a temperature of 77° F. and a pH of 7.4. Just before I put the fish in, I added 4 tablespoons of aquarium sait. I have noticed a thin film on the surface; could you explain tha?

2. The two fermales were pregnant on arrival, and 3 days later they both had babies. I have heard various ways to sex young fry; a becam of light and a magnifying glass, a triangle on the forehead, or a dark spot. Which is most dependable;

3. Is 25 watts too much light for a 10-gallon tank? How long should this 10-gallon tank? How long some light be on per day?

4. Is there a guppy society or an aquarium society in my area?

Robert Appel, Elkins Park, Pa.

A. 1. A pH of 7.8 seems a bit high to me.
The thin film on the surface of the water
is caused by both live and dead bacteria
and influorin, which greatly interfere with
the interchange of air. A brisk tream of
bubbles from an airstone breaks up the
film, and a filter picks up the dead

organisms.

2. If I toant to sex my young guppies I do not go by a spot or triangle. At an age of 6 weeks the males begin to show marks or a bit of color in the tail, at which time I separate them.

3. I use 25-watt bulbs on a 10-gallon tank for 8 hours a day.

4. Write to the Harrisburg Aquarium Society, State Museum Bldg., Harris-burg, Pa.

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Salts From The Seven Seas



By Alfred A. Schultz

Caught in the Net... Who says that saltwater fishes are not a Eardy lot? A good friend and saltwater hobbyist just returned from a trip to Himini. While there, he did a little snorkeling and managed to collect about 15 fishes. Although this friend had his own plane, he did not come prepared for collecting. He managed to get a few 1-gallon jars, into which he put the fishes that he collected. Unfortunately, after he left Birniai he fortunately, after he left Bimini he stayed a week in Nassau. (Unfortunately for the fish, that is!) All this time, the

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fish were kept in the I-gallon jacs and fed some dried food. He managed to change the water once during his step in Nassau, and then he finally reached home here in Jersey City. I'm not going to tell you that all his fish managed to survive this ordeal, however fire of the fish did and are now alive in his aquarium. The survivous were three heat gregorys and two sergeant majors. Could it be that we pamper our fish too much?

Q. A few months ago I started a 30-gallon saltwater tank. Among the fish I started with was a clown fish. It was healthy when I bought it from the dealer, but from the time that I put it into my tank, it refused to cat. Respiration is normal, and color is good. All the other fishes in my tank have died, and now I fear for the clown. I keep

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Tropical Fish Hobbyist

the temperature at 78, and my hydro-meter reading is 1.019. I hope you can give me some advice so that I may do better with my future fishes. Willowdale, Ont., Canada

A. Perhaps the sudden change from the dealer's tank to yours and enough to shock the closen fish. However, I think that you rhould add more fresh mater to bring your hydrometer reading up to 1,025. And, if possible, I would know the temperature to 13. When buying new fish for your tank try to get a hydrometer reading of the dealer's tanks, and, if possible, get the pH of his water. If it differs from yours, match the readings before parting the fish into your tank.

Q. 1. I have a problem that I am sure many inland marine hobbyists have. I would like to own a marine tank but no one in my area can supply me with any marine fish. My family is not going to the esshore so I cannot collect them there. Can you tell me how I could obtain some?

2. Would I need to supply any rocks, coral, plants, etc.? If se, what?

Robert Updegrove, Jr.,
Williamsport, Pa.

A. 1. There are many advertisers in our magazine who ship marine fish.

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A small group of blind cave characins against a dark background is a truly impressive sight.

Photo by Dr. Herbert R. Axelrod.

Satisfy your urge for the unusual by . . .

Raising and Breeding the **Blind Cave Characin**

BY MIKE REED

I think every serious tropical fish fancier gets the urge now and again to get a fish that's a little different. Most unusual fishes, however, are not only ex-pensive but also must have either a tank to themselves, special water conditions, regular feedings of live food, or a combination of these requirements.

The only truly unusual fish that I know of that doesn't require special care is the blind cave characin, Anoptichthys jordani.

It is believed that the blind cave developed from Astyanax mexicansu when some of the latter became trapped in some Mexican caves. Here, in the





80



Can you identify this fish? Do you know where it comes from? What are its spawning habits? How about this one? Could you breed it for money? If you can answer these questions definitively, or if you can get an authoritative answer in a jiffy, don't read further. But if you don't know all the answers and can't get them in a hurry - in short, if you are a hobbyist who really is bent on learning all there is to know about tropical fishes, aquarium management and, yes, commercial breedbook. Its 892 pages ing, - buy this alive with almost 600 illuminating

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February, 1966

darkness, there was no need for eyes, so the eyes were lost, as were the original silver and black colors

For those who aren't familiar with blind cave characins, they are silvery For those who aren't familiar with blind cave characins, they are silvery pink in color, have an adipose fin and, most important, where their eyes should be there are only small pinched indentations. They stay nearly exclusively aear the bottom of the tank, where they swim back and forth with a constant and smooth cruising motion. They reach 31 inches at maturity and (although this point is disputed by some) are perfectly compatible with all but the smallest or largest of tropicals. They eat virtually anything preedily and are fine scavengers because they search the aquarium bottom for leftovers. With the exception of kissing gouramis, which grow too large for the average aquarium, and various albinos, which are sometimes extremely delicate, there are no pink aquarium fishes available other than A. jordani. In addition, the fish is easily bred and raised.

Why then, with all these advantages, is the blind cave characin not found in more hobbyists' aquaria? The answer is a misplaced pity. I believe that the average funcier thinks it would be cruel to keep these blind fish. He pictures them constantly bumping into other fishes and plants, rocks, and ornaments. Worse yet, he fears that they will starve to death because they are unable to see food.

One need only keep the fish for a few days to have these fears quelled. With One need only keep the usn for a rew days to have these lears quetien. With the aid of some extraordinary sense, the fish never bumps into anything except occasionally a fish that swerves quickly into its path. When this happens, the blind fish reacts by touch with amazing speed and accuracy, nipping at the other fish with such vigor that the discourtesy will not likely be

As for locating food, blind cave fish are so successful that they are often the first to begin feeding. Just how they do it I don't know. Many aquarists think the most likely explanation is that they respond to the noise of the removal of the aquarium top or the vibrations set up by the particles of food hitting the water. As for their uncanny ability to spear small falling pieces or even darting live foods, the theory is that they have an unusually highly developed sense of small.

Another thing yet to be explained satisfactorily is the fish's negative reaction to bright light. This reaction was probably developed in the wild as
insurance that the fish would not blunder into sunlit waters, where sighted
predators would obviously have a great advantage over them. At least one
noted equarist indicates that this light reaction may be triggered in tiny
sensory cells located in the fish's sides.

At 21 inches or more blind case charging are relatively after the benefit

At 21 inches or more blind cave characins are relatively easy to breed,

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especially considering the difficulties one might expect to encounter because of their sightlessness. Sexing is simple, the males being much more slender than the females. A tank of as little as 5 gallons capacity may be used, but because of the large number of fry produced a 10- or 15-gallon tank is more practical. The fish are not toe choosy as to water conditions. A pH of about 7 is fine, and a moderately high DH, simulating the water conditions prevailing in the limestone caves from which the original specimens came, seems beat. They are usually spawned at about 75°F., but a difference of up to 5 degrees in either direction seems not to deter them in any way. A double layer of marbles or some other standard egg-saving method should be utilized, for the fish are avid egg eaters. No plants are necessary.

An active pair is placed in a dimly lit or dark aquarium. They will circle one another for a fairly long time (sometimes for several hours) in what seems to be an attempt to establish an absolute contact. Finally the male moves to the female's side and they press together, swaying and trembling excitedly as they rise toward the surface. The female expels her eggs at this time, and the male fertilizes them. There have been reliable reports that sometimes the male tires before the female does, the female continuing to release eggs despite the male's absence. To compensate for this possibility, at least one breeder uses two males for each female. However, if reports that the female is able to store viable sperm and use it when a male is not present are accurate, a second male is not necessary.

A single spawning produces anywhere from a few hundred to 800 eggs; unless the breeders are removed quickly when they are finished, they will find and eat every one that is exposed. Spawning seems to be particularly exhausting for these fish and, if possible, they should be rested in small individual tanks for a day or so before they are returned to their original aquarium. They should be ready to breed again within three weeks.

The eggs are almost impossible to see amongst the marbles. Within a day to three days (depending on water temperature), however, the fry begin to appear. By the fourth to sixth day nearly all the fry should be free-swimming. They are as blind as their parents, but are equally capable of finding food. Infusoria is the best first food and should be supplied in great quantity, for the fish are eager eaters and extremely fast growers. In a few days to a week be babies are ready for newly hatched brine shrimp and the small-grained dry food that is prepared especially for fry. Cannibalism is a great problem here, for growth amongst the youngsters is rarely, if ever, uniform. Since a number of fairly large tanks are needed to raise the fry to maturity anyway, this problem can be solved by sorting the fish by size. If sufficient food and space is provided, most of the young will grow to adulthood within four months.